ASSIGNMENT 10

Textbook Assignment: Chapter 14 "First Aid and Health" and Chapter 15 "Survival."

- 1. First aid has which of the following objectives?
 - 1. To save lives
 - 2. To limit infection
 - 3. To prevent further injury
 - 4. Each of the above
- 2. In administering first aid, you are responsible for performing which of the following tasks?
 - 1. Stop bleeding
 - 2. Maintain breathing
 - 3. Prevent or treat for shock
 - 4. All of the above
- 3. Under which, if any, of the following circumstances should you touch an open wound with your fingers?
 - 1. To replace bulging abdominal organs
 - 2. To remove a protruding foreign object
 - 3. Only when absolutely necessary to stop severe bleeding
 - 4. None of the above
- 4. A person who has stopped breathing is considered dead.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 5. What is the purpose of artificial ventilation?
 - 1. To restore the function of the heart
 - 2. To provide a method of air exchange
 - 3. To clear an upper air passage obstruction
 - 4. To clear a lower air passage obstruction
- 6. When using the mouth-to-mouth technique for administering artificial ventilation, how often should you force air into the victim's lungs?
 - 1. Once every 3 seconds
 - 2. Once every 4 seconds
 - 3. Once every 5 seconds
 - 4. Once every 6 seconds

- 7. The mouth-to-nose technique for administering artificial ventilation is effective on which of the following victims?
 - 1. The victim who is breathing very slowly
 - 2. The victim who is very young
 - 3. The victim who has extensive facial injuries
 - 4. Both 2 and 3 above
- 8. When using the back pressure/arm lift technique for administering artificial ventilation, you should repeat the cycle how many times per minute?
 - 1. 10 to 12
 - 2. 8 to 10
 - 3. 6 to 8
 - 4. 4 to 6
- 9. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) should be started within how many minutes of the onset of cardiac arrest?
 - 1. 6
 - 2. 5
 - 3. 3
 - 4. 4
- 10. When administering CPR, you should place your hands on what area of the victim's chest?
 - 1. On the upper part of the sternum
 - 2. About 1 inch below the sternum
 - 3. Above the tip of the sternum
 - 4. On the tip of the sternum
- 11. When using the one-rescuer CPR technique, you should administer how many compressions per minute?
 - 1. 60 to 80
 - 2. 40 to 60
 - 3. 20 to 40
 - 4. 10 to 20

- 12. When using the one-rescuer CPR technique, you should give how many ventilations after each set of compressions?
 - 1. One
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
- 13. When using the two-rescuer CPR technique, you should use what ratio of compressions to ventilations?
 - 1. 1 to 5
 - 2. 5 to 1
 - 3. 10 to 4
 - 4. 4 to 10
- 14. Which of the following is one of the most reliable indications of a blocked airway in a conscious person?
 - 1. Inability to speak
 - 2. Cherry red skin color
 - 3. Profuse sweating of the face
 - 4. Partially digested food in the mouth
- 15. You are assisting a person who is choking. What is the first action you should take?
 - 1. Apply the standing chest thrust to the victim
 - 2. Apply the standing abdominal thrust to the victim
 - 3. Clear the victim's mouth of any food or foreign objects
 - 4. Sharply slap the victim on the back between the shoulder blades
- 16. What minimum amount of blood loss usually causes a person to go into shock?
 - 1. 1 pint
 - 2. 2 pints
 - 3. 3 pints
 - 4. 4 pints
- 17. How is arterial bleeding from a cut near the surface of the skin indicated?
 - 1. Spurting dark red blood
 - 2. Steady flow of dark red blood
 - 3. Steady flow of bright red blood
 - 4. Gushing spurts of bright red blood

- 18. To control bleeding, which of the following methods should you try first?
 - 1. Direct pressure
 - 2. A tourniquet
 - 3. A battle dressing
 - 4. Pressure points
- 19. What is meant by the pressure points in the human body?
 - 1. A place where the artery is protected on all sides by bone or muscle
 - 2. A place where the main artery is close to the skin surface and over a bone
 - 3. A point where an artery crosses between the heart and the wound
 - 4. A point where an artery crosses a joint
- 20. If the use of a battle dressing is required, who should loosen/remove it?
 - 1. The on-scene leader
 - 2. The repair locker leader
 - 3. A person qualified in first aid
 - 4. Medical personnel
- 21. Shock will never be serious enough to cause death.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 22. At which of the following times should you start treatment for shock?
 - 1. As soon as possible after an injury occurs
 - 2. Only when symptoms indicate severe shock
 - 3. Only after other injuries have been treated
 - 4. As soon as unconsciousness occurs
- 23. What is the basic position for treating shock?
 - 1. Putting the head and feet at the same level
 - 2. Putting the head lower than the feet
 - 3. Putting the feet lower than the head
- 24. Which of the following Navy personnel are the most frequent victims of suicide?
 - 1. Males between the ages of 25 to 37 in paygrades E-6 and E-8
 - 2. Males between the ages of 17 to 24 in paygrades E-1 to E-6
 - 3. Females between the ages of 25 to 37 in paygrades E-6 to E-8
 - 4. Females between the ages of 17 to 24 in paygrades E-1 to E-6

- 25. Which of the following are actions to take if you believe someone you know is thinking about suicide?
 - 1. Take all threats seriously
 - 2. Don't leave the person alone
 - 3. Get professional help
 - 4. All of the above
- 26. Which of the following burns is considered the most serious?
 - 1. First degree
 - 2. Second degree
 - 3. Third degree
- 27. A closed fracture is one where the skin is intact and an open fracture is one where the skin is broken.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 28. When choosing a material to use as a splint, you should choose material that has which of the following characteristics?
 - 1. Light weight
 - 2. Fairly rigid
 - 3. Strong
 - 4. All of the above
- 29. Which of the following is/are symptoms of a broken bone?
 - 1. Swelling
 - 2. Deformity
 - 3. Inability to use the part
 - 4. Each of the above
- 30. Which of the following is/are symptoms of a sprain or a strain?
 - 1. Swelling
 - 2. Inability to use the part
 - 3. Each of the above
- 31. What is one of the easiest ways to carry an unconscious person?
 - 1. Arm carry
 - 2. Fireman's carry
 - 3. Tied-hands crawl
 - 4. Lift and drag

- 32. In compartments with access hatches that are too small to permit the use of regular stretchers, you would remove an injured person using what type of stretcher?
 - 1. Neil Robertson
 - 2. Gaylord
 - 3. Stokes
- 33. Aboard ship, keeping yourself and your spaces clean and orderly has which of the following advantages?
 - 1. Improves morale
 - 2. Contributes to the well-being of the crew
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
- 34. What common dental condition(s) can be prevented by making sure you develop the habit of good oral hygiene?
 - 1. Tooth decay
 - 2. Gum and bone disease
 - 3. Reddening of the gums
 - 4. All of the above
- 35. Sexually transmitted diseases may be spread through the use of inanimate objects, such as toilet seats, bed linens, or drinking glasses.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 36. If left untreated, syphilis may cause which of the following conditions?
 - 1. Heart disease
 - 2. Mental illness
 - 3. Blindness
 - 4. All of the above
- 37. Sterility is the result of leaving which of the following sexually transmitted diseases untreated?
 - 1. Syphilis
 - 2. Gonorrhea
 - 3. Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
 - 4. Herpes
- 38. Use of condoms offers some protection from Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False

- 39. If time permits during abandon-ship preparation, a message announced over the 1MC will give which of the following information?
 - 1. Water temperature
 - 2. Sea and wind conditions
 - 3. Bearing and distance to the nearest land
 - 4. All of the above
- 40. If you have to go over the side and the ships' propellers are turning, you should leave from what point on the ship?
 - 1. The windward side, if possible
 - 2. The lee side, if possible
 - 3. From the bow
 - 4. From the stern
- 41. Personnel have the greatest chance for survival in the water if they meet which of the following swimmer requirements?
 - 1. First class
 - 2. Second class
 - 3. Third class
- 42. If you have to swim through flames, which of the following is a procedure to follow?
 - 1. Use your life preserver as a raft
 - 2. Keep your face above the surface of the water as much as possible
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. Swim underwater until you are clear of the oil
- 43. If you must abandon ship into oily water that is not burning, which of the following precautions should you take?
 - 1. Use your life preserver as a raft
 - 2. Keep your face above the surface of the water as much as possible
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. Swim underwater until you are clear of the oil
- 44. You can use which of the following items to help you stay afloat?
 - 1. Seabags
 - 2. Pillow cases
 - 3. Mattress covers
 - 4. All of the above

- 45. The Navy uses a maximum of how many types of life preservers?
 - 1. One
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
- 46. Which of the following benefits does the collar on the vest-type life preserver provide?
 - 1. Additional insulation against chill in cold water
 - 2. Additional buoyancy to keep the head upright
 - 3. A place to store survival equipment
 - 4. A place to attach a retrieving line
- 47. The wooden toggle and line of an inflatable life preserver are used to
 - 1. permit easy removal of the preserver
 - 2. make the preserver fit snugly around your body
 - 3. attach yourself to a life raft or another person
 - 4. provide a means for retrieving you out of the water
- 48. When using a pin-on, battery-operated light on a life preserver, you should replace the battery at what minimum interval?
 - 1. 18 months
 - 2. 12 months
 - 3. 3 months
 - 4. 6 months
- 49. You may launder the fibrous glass pads in addition to the outer cover of the inherently buoyant preserver.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 50. In addition to inspecting your inflatable life preserver each time you wear it, you should also inspect it for air leaks at what minimum interval?
 - 1. Daily
 - 2. Weekly
 - 3. Monthly
 - 4. Quarterly

- 51. The survival kits in large lifeboats are designed to sustain 15 to 20 people on regular rations for what maximum number of days?
 - 1. 20
 - 2. 15
 - 3. 10
 - 4. 5
- 52. You can identify the red flare end of a Mk 13 Mod 0 distress signal kit in the dark by which of the following indicators?
 - 1. A metal pull ring
 - 2. Beadlike projections
 - 3. The absence of beadlike projections
 - 4. The absence of a metal pull ring
- 53. Under good weather conditions, the dye marker will retain some color for what maximum length of time?
 - 1. 1 hour
 - 2. 2 hours
 - 3. 3 hours
 - 4. 4 hours
- 54. In a lifeboat, what piece of survival equipment is provided to assist you in filling containers with freshwater?
 - 1. Rain catcher tube
 - 2. Rain cistern
 - 3. Rain bucket
 - 4. Funnel
- 55. In a lifeboat, continuous exposure to the elements will not harm which of the following pieces of survival or signal equipment?
 - 1. Sponges
 - 2. Knives
 - 3. Flashlights
 - 4. Signal mirrors
- 56. In a lifeboat, you may survive on as little as how much water a day?
 - 1. 10 ounces
 - 2. 8 ounces
 - 3. 6 ounces
- 57 People are known to live for 4 weeks or longer in a survival situation if a sufficient amount of water is available.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False

- 58. Which of the following forms of sea life or birds should NEVER be eaten?
 - 1. Sharks
 - 2. Jellyfish
 - 3. Seabirds
 - 4. Sea turtles
- 59. Which of the following sea birds is/are edible?
 - 1. Albatrosses
 - 2. Gannets
 - 3. Terns
 - 4. All of the above
- 60. At what minimum water temperature are you at risk for a serious condition called *hypothermia*?
 - 1. 75°F
 - 2. 80°F
 - 3. 85°F
 - 4. 95°F
- 61. What means should you use to treat frostbitten hands and fingers?
 - 1. Rub them
 - 2. Exercise them
 - 3. Place them in cold water
 - 4. Place them in contact with a warm part of your body
- 62. Assume that you have just fallen overboard. What is the most important survival technique for you to remember?
 - 1. Remain calm and try to stay afloat
 - 2. Swim after the ship and call for help
 - 3. Remove your shoes and other heavy clothing
 - 4. Keep moving your arms and feet for protection from sharks
- 63. Helicopters use a maximum of how many basic devices for recovering personnel in the water?
 - 1. One
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four

- 64. If you fall overboard and sharks are in the area, you should take which of the following actions?
 - 1. Swim away from the area
 - 2. Assume the jellyfish position and try to remain motionless
 - 3. Float on your back and use as little arm and leg movement as possible
 - 4. Tread water and make wide sweeping movements with your arms to splash water
- 65. In a group survival situation, good leadership will lessen the effects of which of the following emotional states?
 - 1. Panic
 - 2. Confusion
 - 3. Disorganization
 - 4. All of the above
- 66. At least how many quarts of water are required each day to maintain your efficiency?
 - 1. 1
 - 2. 2
 - 3. 3
 - 4. 4
- 67. Liquids obtained from vines are undrinkable if they have which of the following characteristics?
 - 1. White sap
 - 2. Very dark in color
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. Slightly pink color
- 68. In a survival situation with less than 1 quart of water per day, you should avoid eating what type of food?
 - 1. High-carbohydrate
 - 2. Highly flavored
 - 3. Excessively sweetened
 - 4. High-protein
- 69. Under survival conditions, you would obtain the most food value from which of the following sources?
 - 1. Nuts
 - 2. Tubers
 - 3. Insects
 - 4. Animal flesh

- 70. To kill any parasites scavenger birds such as buzzards and vultures might carry, you should boil the birds for what minimum length of time?
 - 1. 5 minutes
 - 2. 10 minutes
 - 3. 15 minutes
 - 4. 20 minutes
- 71. When selecting a route for evasion travel, you should always choose the easiest route.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 72. Which of the following sources is best for determining directions under survival conditions?
 - 1. The position of the stars and the sun
 - 2. The growth of moss on trees and rocks
 - 3. The direction of movement of birds and animals
 - 4. The direction of water flow in streams and rivers
- 73. During evasion, if you can no longer proceed on your own because of illness, which of the following actions should you take?
 - 1. Seek help from friendly natives
 - 2. Display a white flag or other white object
 - 3. Surrender to enemy troops by walking toward them with raised arms
 - 4. Select a hiding place and stay there until you are well enough to travel
- 74. After evading the enemy and returning to an area with friendly forces, you should take which of the following actions?
 - 1. Fire your weapon three times and give your name
 - 2. Arouse their attention by shouting at them
 - 3. Display a white flag or other white object
 - 4. Try to get through their lines at night
- 75. You should give friendly frontline troops which, if any, of the following information about your evasion experiences?
 - 1. All information they request
 - 2. Immediate tactical information
 - 3. A description of the methods you used during evasion
 - 4. None of the above